THE BAY LEARNING TRUST (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

CONTENTS

	Page
Reference and administrative details	1 - 2
Trustees' report	3 - 11
Governance statement	12 - 16
Statement on regularity, propriety and compliance	17
Statement of trustees' responsibilities	18
Independent auditor's report on the accounts	19 - 22
Independent reporting accountant's report on regularity	23 - 24
Statement of financial activities including income and expenditure account	25 - 26
Balance sheet	27
Statement of cash flows	28
Notes to the accounts including accounting policies	29 - 56

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Members

Prof J Crewdson
- Appointed 16 October 2023 Mr I Parks

- Resigned 16 October 2023 Canon S Whittaker

Prof C J Carr Rt Revd Dr J Duff Revd L Vasey-Saunders

Trustees Rev Canon P Ballard

Mr B Ardern Mrs D Cheetham

Prof J Crewdson (Chairman)

Mr M Dudfield Mrs N Gomersall

Mrs S Kenyon (Accounting Officer)

Mr C Hopkinson Mr P Bell Mrs J Watson Mr P Boustead

Executive team

Chief Executive Officer Mrs S Kenyon
 Executive Headteacher of Ripley St Thomas C of Mrs C Walmsley
 E Academy

- Headteacher, Carnforth High School
 - Director of Operations, Estates & ICT from 1
 Mr G Gomersall

April 2024

- Executive Headteacher of Morecambe Bay Mr J Cowper Academy & Central Lancaster High School,

Director of School Improvement from 1

September 2024

Chief Operating Officer/Chief Financial Officer Mr A McKinnell
 Deputy CEO to 31 December 2023, Director of Mrs S Farrimond

Primary Education & Executive Headteacher of Barnacre Road Primary School from 1 January 2024

Director of SCITT & Professional Development
 Director of Finance & Operations to 31
 Mr P Jarvis

December 2023

- Headteacher of Longridge High School from 1 Mrs J Green

October 2023

Company secretary Mr A McKinnell

Company registration number 07588464 (England and Wales)

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered office The Lodge

Ripley St Thomas Academy

Ashton Road Lancaster Lancashire LA1 4RR

Academies operated Location Headteacher Ripley St Thomas CE Academy Lancaster Mrs C Walmsley Carnforth High School Carnforth Mr T Iddon Morecambe Bay Academy Morecambe Mr J Cowper Central Lancaster High School Lancaster Mr J Cowper **Barnacre Road Primary School** Mrs S Farrimond Preston Longridge High School Mrs J Green Preston

Independent auditor Mitchell Charlesworth (Audit) Limited

24 Nicholas Street

Chester CH1 2AU

Bankers Lloyds Bank plc

49 Market Street Lancaster LA1 1 JH

Solicitors Hill Dickinson LLP

No.1 St. Pauls Square

Liverpool Merseyside L3 9SJ

TRUSTEES' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

The trustees present their annual report together with the accounts and auditor's report of the charitable company for the year 1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024. The annual report serves the purposes of both a trustees' report, and a directors' report and strategic report under company law.

The trust operates 6 academies for pupils aged 4-18 serving in Lancashire; Ripley St Thomas Church of England Academy, Carnforth High School, Morecambe Bay Academy, Central Lancaster High School, Longridge High School and Barnacre Road Primary School.

Pupil capacity: Ripley 1,764; Carnforth 754; Morecambe 1,539; Central 750; Longridge 859; Barnacre 230; Total capacity 5,896.

Roll: Ripley 1,743 (98.8%); Carnforth 682 (90.5%); Morecambe 1,039 (67.5%); Central 586 (75.7%); Longridge 824 (95.9%); Barnacre 188 (81.7%); Total on roll 5,062 (85.9%)

Census date: 3 October 2024

Structure, governance and management

Constitution

The trust is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and Articles of Association are the primary governing documents of the trust. The charitable company operates as The Bay Learning Trust.

The trustees of The Bay Learning Trust are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law. Details of the trustees who served during the year, and to the date these accounts are approved, are included in the Reference and Administrative Details on page 1.

Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

Trustees' indemnities

The trustees' are indemnified in respect of their legal liability for financial loss arising as a result of a negligent act, accidental error or omission in the course of their official duties. The limit of this indemnity is £10,000,000.

Method of recruitment and appointment or election of trustees

In accordance with the Articles of Association the members appoint a minimum of 7 trustees as well as up to 6 co-opted by the trustees.

In order to find potential new trustees, contact is made with relevant external agencies such as academy ambassadors as well as utilising personal contacts that existing trustees and members have with other organisations.

When any appointment of a trustee is to be made, the information obtained from a regularly conducted skills audit of trustees is used to identify areas of knowledge and experience to be sought in any new trustees. Any potential new trustees are also subject to a selection process involving submission of a CV, personal interviews with the chair of trustees, the CEO and other appropriate members or relevant executive team individuals. Recommendation on appointment of any potential new trustee is subsequently made (along with selection process information provided) to the full board meeting and to members where required.

Policies and procedures adopted for the induction and training of trustees

Newly appointed trustees are provided with recent minutes and other key documents prior to an induction session with the CEO and chair of trustees. The trustees have access to training, and, where appropriate, trustee meeting agendas include a focus item on key issues.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Organisational structure

The trustees are responsible for setting general policy, adopting an annual plan and budget, monitoring the trust by the use of budgets and making major decisions about the direction of the trust, capital expenditure and all trust staff appointments.

The Bay Learning Trust Executive Team consists of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer/Chief Financial Officer, Executive Headteachers of Barnacre Road Primary School, Morecambe Bay Academy and Central Lancaster High School, Headteachers of Carnforth High School and Longridge High School, the Director of SCITT and Professional Development and the Director of Operations, Estates and ICT.

These leaders control the trust at an executive level implementing the policies laid down by the trustees and reporting back to them. As a group the Executive Leadership Team is responsible for the authorisation of spending within agreed budgets and the appointment of staff, though appointment boards for posts in the Executive Leadership Team always contain a trustee.

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

Pay and remuneration of the Executive Team is reviewed on an annual basis or at other times during the academic year when a business need arises. Annual pay progression is taken to the board where it is reviewed to ensure it is proportionate to the size of the trust. Executive Team pay is published in line with the Academy Trust Handbook.

Trade union facility time

Relevant u	ınion	officials
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Number of employees who were relevant union officials during the relevant period 10 Full-time equivalent employee number 8.42

Percentage of time spent on facility time

Percentage of time	Number of employees
0%	5
1%-50%	5
51%-99%	-
100%	-

Percentage of pay bill spent on facility time

Total cost of facility time 4,916
Total pay bill 25,693,112
Percentage of the total pay bill spent on facilty time -

Paid trade union activities

Time spent on paid trade union activities as a percentage of total paid facility time hours 20%

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Engagement with employees

The trust has around 700 employees engaged across the six trust schools. In addition, the trust has 8 Central Team employees. Headteachers and senior leaders in each school communicate with staff, holding regular staff meetings. Staff also receive weekly bulletins from senior leaders regarding issues arising in school.

A number of informal networks exist across the trust and leaders from each of our schools support in other trust schools as required. Headteachers and School Business Managers meet regularly to share their expertise and find solutions to common issues such as rising energy costs.

The trust is committed to ensuring good relationships develop and are maintained with recognised Trade Unions. A Trade Union Recognition Agreement was finalised in March 2018 and regular meetings of the Joint Consultation and Negotiation Committee (JCNC) have taken place since then. There have also been regular consultation meetings with staff and members of Trade Unions at a local level.

The trust carries out regular surveys of staff, parents and pupils. Survey results are reported to local governing bodies and directors so that the trust can respond effectively to any feedback. Staff are engaged in discussions regarding the educational performance of their students. Key information about this and other performance information is published on each trust academy school website.

Employees are also updated on activities and initiatives in our trust schools through 'Across the Bay', the monthly trust newsletter.

The trust is committed to promoting equality of opportunity for all staff and job applicants as set out in its Equal Opportunities Policy, which is published on the trust website. The Equal Opportunities Policy states that we will not unlawfully discriminate against staff on the basis of disability. The Equal Opportunities Policy applies to all aspects of the trust's relationship with staff and to relations between staff members at all levels. This includes job advertisements, recruitment, selection, training and development, opportunities for promotion, conditions of service, pay and benefits.

Engagement with suppliers, customers and others in a business relationship with the trust

The trust works with both internal and external stakeholders in accordance with the "Seven Principles of Public Life" these being: Selflessness, Integrity, Objectivity, Accountability, Openness, Honesty and Leadership. The trust relies on external suppliers for the provision of key services and said suppliers are treated on the same basis to establish and maintain a good working relationship.

The trust's procurement procedure is dealt with in accordance with the provisions of its Financial Framework, which sets out the correct process to be followed and the relevant financial delegations applying across all trust academy schools. The trust aims to achieve best value for money and best price possible from all its suppliers given that a large proportion will be paid for with public funds. The trust is required to maintain the integrity of those funds whilst ensuring that a fair process is published and followed.

Communication with students and parents/carers has been established through use of an individual school's methods. Schools provide virtual tours, virtual parents' evenings and other events, including the provision of on-line learning, where face-to-face interactions have not been possible. The trust carries out an annual parental survey which is anonymous and hosted by Edurio. This allows the trust to measure parents' responses to many areas of school life and judge them against schools nationally. Each school and the Central Team then create an action plan to address any areas of concern.

The trust and all of its schools are within a single local authority area. Lancashire County Council (LCC) has responsibility for both primary and secondary school admissions. Trust schools continue to buy into some services from LCC where appropriate and cost effective.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Related parties and other connected charities and organisations

Lancaster, Ripley Church of England Educational Trust (charity number 526393) is a charitable trust based in Lancaster. Its charitable objects include providing support to Ripley St Thomas C of E Academy and other faith schools in the Lancaster area. Revd L Vasey-Saunders currently sits on the Board as the chair of trustees.

Believe Education Trust (charity number 1154141) is a charitable trust based in Lancaster. Its charitable objects include furthering the education of 11-19 year olds in the North West of England. Prof J Crewdson currently sits on the Board as the chair of trustees.

Related party transactions are disclosed in the notes to the accounts.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The aim of the trust is to build a community of like-minded schools in the North West that work closely together to secure an excellent education for all our young people. The trust will:

- · Provide value for money for the funds expended
- Comply with all appropriate statutory and curriculum requirements
- · Conduct trust business in accordance with the highest standards of integrity, probity and openness

Objectives, strategies and activities

The trust's strategic objectives include:

- To improve and sustain high levels of school performance
- To develop a self-sustaining community that learns from each other and from the best available external practice
- To allow schools to focus on teaching and learning through a central team that supports them with finance, buildings and staffing
- To ensure that our schools remain financially sustainable
- To develop our premises to create the best possible learning environment
- Growth in line with government expectations of strong MATs
- To enhance the Christian ethos of Church Schools in the trust

The trustees recognise that equal opportunities should be an integral part of all good practice within the workplace. The trust aims to establish equal opportunity in all areas of its activities including creating a working environment in which the contribution and needs of all people are fully valued.

Public benefit

The trustees have considered the Charity Commission's guidance on Public Benefit. The key public benefit is currently delivered by the trust through the maintenance and development of the high-quality education provided by its academies.

In doing this, academies not only offer a broadly-based academic education but aim to educate the whole individual. A very wide range of extra-curricular activities, educational trips, visits and foreign trips is offered and undertaken.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Strategic report

Achievements and performance

Morecambe Bay Academy was inspected in September 2023 and judged to be good on every aspect. This is a great accolade for the trust as Morecambe joined us as an inadequate school. Central Lancaster High School was also inspected in September 2023 and was judged to be good on every aspect. This again is a significant milestone for the Trust as Central Lancaster High School joined us with standards well below the national average.

We have experienced a new phase of growth with Longridge High School and Barnacre Road Primary School joining us. Longridge joined on 1 October 2023 and Barnacre Road Primary on 1 February 2024.

Ripley ITT has sustained its growth against a nationally declining picture of teacher recruitment. All trainees secured employment following successful completion of their training.

The trust has a Director of School Improvement and team of School Improvement Partners (SIPs) providing high-quality support to the Headteachers and their teams. They ensure that there is regular, objective feedback on standards in all of the trust schools. Leaders also provided Trust School Improvement Offer (TSIO) funded by the DFE for a number of Lancashire Schools.

Governance is very much strengthened across the trust with greater alignment between the level of support and challenge offered by local governing bodies. We have successfully recruited and appointed two new chairs of governors in our schools.

Key performance indicators

Financial

The year has been a challenging one again financially with continued inflationary pressures on various cost areas. The trust central fee continues to be allocated toward investment in school improvement across the Trust.

Total free (Unrestricted and GAG) reserves represent 7% of income, which is within the target range of 5-10% as set out in the reserves policy. The level of free reserves varies across the trust. trust central reserves are 1%, which is below the target level of 5% of total annual GAG income.

Staff costs as a percentage of total revenue income and total revenue costs is 75% and 76% respectively. This is monitored on an ongoing basis to ensure that staffing levels remain sustainable across the trust.

Other

The trust continues to monitor the performance of its schools through its School Improvement Team. We have seen significantly improved results at some of our schools this year and a static picture at others. Attendance remains a post-pandemic key priority.

The trust has significantly improved provision for those pupils who are disabled or who have special educational needs (SEND). We have invested heavily in staff training in this regard. The Trust Literary Canon and the Tutor Time reading programme continues to be successful in ensuring that all pupils read regularly for pleasure.

The trust operates in line with the requirements of its Funding Agreement with the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) and manages its reserves in line with the Trust's Financial Framework.

Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the board of trustees has a reasonable expectation that the trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the board of trustees continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the statement of accounting policies.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Protecting the success of the trust

The trust provides systems, structures and external networks to support the work in the trust schools to enable them to prioritise their time on teaching, learning strategies and outcomes at their schools. The trust believes that this allows school leadership and local committees to focus on the needs of the students in their schools within a supportive framework.

The trust works hard to ensure that each school environment is fit for purpose and that environmental impact is considered when decisions are made regarding trust infrastructure. Recent building projects at trust schools have used local and regional workforces and ecological standards have been observed.

The professional conduct of our trustees, governors, staff and visitors is of utmost importance to the trust. All are expected to abide by relevant codes of conduct and trust policy.

Financial review

Most of the trust's income is obtained from the DfE in the form of its General Annual Grant (GAG), the use of which is restricted to particular purposes; i.e. the objectives of the trust. The GAG received during the period covered by this report and the associated expenditure is shown as restricted funds in the statement of financial activities.

During the year ended 31 August 2024, total expenditure of £38,615,000 (2023: £31,045,000) was fully covered by grant funding from the DfE together with other incoming resources. The excess of income over expenditure (excluding actuarial losses on the defined benefit pension scheme) was £14,433,000 (2023: £2,309,000). Academy conversions contributed £12,366,000 to incoming resources.

As at the 31 August 2024, the net book value of fixed assets was £83,956,000 (2023: £69,468,000 restated), including the value of the land and buildings which are leased on a 125-year lease. The assets are used exclusively for providing education and the associated support services to the pupils of the academy.

Reserves policy

The trustees review the reserve levels of each academy school annually. This review encompasses the nature of income and expenditure streams, the need to match income with commitments and the nature of reserves.

Under its Funding Agreement with the Secretary of State for Education, The Bay Learning Trust is permitted to hold unlimited reserves at the year end.

The Trustees' Finance and Resources Committee has reviewed these reserve levels and believes that they should provide sufficient working capital to cover delays between spending and receipt of grants and to allow for unexpected emergencies.

The trust will maintain free reserves at a minimum level of 5% of income up to a maximum of 10% of income.

'Free reserves' are defined as the combined total of Unrestricted and General Annual Grant (GAG) reserves.

'Income' is defined as the combined total of Unrestricted and General Annual Grant (GAG) income.

Where a school holds in excess of 10% of free reserves a plan showing how the excess will be spent is expected. The aim is for the trust to hold 5% of total annual GAG income as central reserves.

The trust has overall reserves of £88,954,000 (2023: £79,089,000). Included within is restricted general reserves (excluding pension & fixed asset reserves) of £1,462,000 (2023: £1,460,000) and unrestricted reserves of £753,000 (2023: £770,000). The total free reserves (excluding pension & fixed asset reserves) amounts to £2,215,000 (2023: £2,230,000).

The pension scheme surplus as at 31 August 2024 was restricted to £nil (2023: £2,889,000). The vast majority of the movement of the pension scheme is due to actuarial assumptions and does not have a direct cash impact.

As at 31 August 2024 the trustees consider that the trust's free reserves held are satisfactory for the level of the trust's operations.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Investment policy

The trust aims to manage cash balances to provide the working capital required for its day-to-day operations, whilst protecting the long-term value of any surpluses against inflation. The trust therefore aims to invest surplus cash funds in a way that optimises returns whilst ensuring there is minimal risk of loss of these funds. In order to make the best use of surplus cash funds to generate additional income the trust must ensure the following objectives are met:

- Manage cash flow to ensure that sufficient cash balances are maintained in the current account to cover the working capital requirements of the trust.
- Ensure there is minimal risk to loss of the capital value of any cash funds invested by ensuring that the trust is only exposed to low risk investments.
- Protect the capital value of the invested funds against inflation.
- Ensure optimum returns on the funds invested.
- Ensure that income generated from investments is used for furthering the trust's aims.
- Investments must be placed with FSA registered companies.
- The CEO is responsible for the management of investments, with responsibility delegated to the Chief Financial Officer.

Regular cash flow forecasts are prepared and monitored to ensure there are adequate liquid funds to meet all payroll commitments and outstanding creditors due for payment.

Where cash flow forecasts indicate that a base level of cash funds will be surplus to the day-to-day requirements of the trust these funds may be invested following approval by the Finance and Resources Committee.

In making decisions with regard to investment options the Finance Director will compare interest rates and returns across the market to ensure the trust is getting a fair return, having due regard for the economic situation at that time.

In general, the cash shall be invested in short term investment accounts, with an average duration of less than one year. Proposals for longer term investments would need further approval of the Finance and Resources Committee.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Risk Management

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the trust is exposed, this includes those risks impacting on trustees' responsibilities to ensure the trust's estate is safe, well maintained and complies with relevant regulations. The trustees have implemented a number of systems to assess risks in the operational areas of the trust and in relation to the control of finance. A Risk Register has been completed and is reviewed annually.

Where significant financial risk still remains they have ensured they have adequate insurance cover. The trust has an effective system of internal financial controls and this is explained in more detail in the Governance Statement.

Defined benefit pension scheme risk

Although historically this has been in deficit overall, four academies are in surplus and have no deficit payments. Deficit payments continue to be budgeted for and paid as required in line with the latest available valuations.

The trust does not have any credit facilities other than credit cards. The balances on these cards are settled in full each month in line with ATH guidance. Cashflow is monitored across the trust to ensure each academy has sufficient available funds to meet their working capital requirements.

The trust's total bank and cash balances at 31 August 2024 are shown on the balance sheet.

All suppliers are engaged on standard terms and payments made on a weekly basis to ensure suppliers are paid on time.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Financial and risk management objectives and policies

All financial risks are shown above in Principal risks.

Fundraising

The trust does not use any external fundraisers. The schools within the trust undertake a variety of fundraising activities to support several charities and the trust itself. All fundraising undertaken during the year was monitored by the trustees.

Streamlined energy and carbon reporting

Energy consumption	2024 kWh	2023 kWh
Aggregate of energy consumption in the year		
- Gas combustion	3,586,078	2,532,492
- Fuel consumed for transport	51,022	12,651
- Electricity purchased	2,005,918	1,677,348
	5,643,018	4,222,491
	2024	2023
	etric tonnes	metric tonnes
Scope 1 - direct emissions		
- Gas combustion	723.11	512.25
- Fuel consumed for owned transport	5.18	1.34
	728.29	513.59
Scope 2 - indirect emissions		
- Electricity purchased	387.90	324.37
Scope 3 - other indirect emissions		
- Fuel consumed for transport not owned by the trust	8.30	2.00
Total gross emissions	1,124.49	839.96
Intensity ratio		
Tonnes CO2e per pupil	0.23	0.21

Quantification and reporting methodology

We have followed the 2019 HM Government Environmental Reporting Guidelines. We have also used the GHG Reporting Protocol – Corporate Standard and have used the 2024 UK Government's Conversion Factors for Company Reporting.

Intensity measurement

The chosen intensity measurement ratio is total gross emissions in metric tonnes CO2 equivalent per pupil, the recommended ratio for the sector.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Measures taken to improve energy efficiency

We now record monthly meter readings across all sites to improve out understanding of energy consumption.

We plan to conduct an energy audit across the trust to better understand the actions we need to take to reduce our carbon footprint.

We are exploring the option of installing PV panels on the roofs of several of our academies with the aim of reducing energy consumption by over 20%.

Plans for future periods

The trust will continue to work to improve pupils' performance at all levels. There remains a focus on developing reading across all provision to ensure that staff are able to:

- · Continue to improve outcomes
- Evoke a love of reading and be able to signpost pupils to further reading
- Further develop adaptive teaching
- · Continue to improve attendance and reduce severe absence
- · Continue to ensure financial stability

Our growth plans continue to focus on Primary Schools including Church of England Primary Schools.

The trust continues to focus on delivering outstanding teaching and learning through ensuring all staff members are highly trained. It continues to pursue its ambition to raise achievement even further, working towards improved outcomes for our students in both terminal examinations and rates of progress.

Funds held as custodian trustee on behalf of others

The trust does not hold any funds as custodian for others.

Auditor

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

A resolution proposing that Mitchell Charlesworth (Audit) Limited be reappointed as auditor of the charitable company will be put to the members.

The trustees' report, incorporating a strategic report, was approved by order of the board of trustees, as the company directors, on 16 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Prof J Crewdson

Chairman

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Scope of responsibility

As trustees, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that The Bay Learning Trust has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

As trustees, we have reviewed and taken account of the guidance in DfE's Governance Handbook and competency framework for governance.

The board of trustees has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the CEO, as accounting officer, for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between The Bay Learning Trust and the Secretary of State for Education. The accounting officer is also responsible for reporting to the board of trustees any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

Governance

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Trustees' Report and in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities. The board of trustees has formally met 4 times during the year. Attendance during the year at meetings of the board of trustees was as follows:

Trustees	Meetings attended	Out of possible
Rev Canon P Ballard	4	4
Mr B Ardern	4	4
Mrs D Cheetham	3	4
Prof J Crewdson (Chairman)	4	4
Mr M Dudfield	3	4
Mrs N Gomersall	4	4
Mrs S Kenyon (Accounting Officer)	4	4
Mr C Hopkinson	4	4
Mr P Bell	4	4
Mrs J Watson	2	4
Mr P Boustead	2	4

The were no major changes to the board during the year.

Trustees are allocated to one or more of three Committees which are as follows: Finance and Resources, Quality and Standards, Audit and Risk. Other ad hoc committees are convened as and when needed. These committees meet on a regular termly cycle. Under the agreed Scheme of Delegation, each academy school has a Local Governing Body with the required two parent representatives to support the work of the board of trustees.

The involvement of trustees on the three sub-committees enables them to maintain effective oversight of the trust. It was determined that the board of trustees meet formally four times during the period 1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024.

Conflicts of interest

On an annual basis Members, Trustees and the Executive Team complete Register of Business Interests Forms and a Related Party Questionnaire. These ensure confirmation of any connections and enable identification of any relevant transactions. There is a standing agenda item for every board meeting where attendees are asked to declare any new interests and update their individual Register of Business Interests Form. This is also an item for Local Governing Body meetings and we ask our school governors to do the same.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Meetings

The involvement of trustees on the three sub-committees enables them to maintain effective oversight of the trust. It was determined that the board of trustees meet formally four times during the period 1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024.

Governance reviews

Each year the Board reviews the composition, skills mix and roles of Directors.

During 2023-24 there were no changes in the membership of the Board.

The only change in the sub-committee membership was for Sally Kenyon to resign from the Audit and Risk Committee, to attend as an observer going forward. This is in line with guidance per the 2024 Academy Trust Handbook.

All Directors received and read the annually updated Academy Trust Governance Guide, the Academy Trust Handbook and publications relating to Keeping Children Safe in Education.

Where appropriate necessary action was taken and updated training provided for Directors, especially those members of relevant sub-committees. All Directors complete a Declaration of Business and Personal Interest pro forma annually, which is retained by the Governance Professional. This enables potential conflicts of interest to be identified, declared and avoided.

The Board commissions specialist external reviews of the effectiveness of various aspects of its governance and the operation of its local governing bodies. Where necessary appropriate action is taken to address concerns or weaknesses.

Action is also taken following any relevant recommendations from internal scrutiny, external audit, Ofsted and SIAMS. There were two Ofsted inspections in 2023-24 with both the inspected schools judged to be 'good', thereby confirming that the work of the Board in addressing weaknesses had been effective.

The Finance and Resources Committee is a sub-committee of the main board of trustees. Its purpose is to:

- Receive and consider the MAT's indicative funding as notified by the ESFA and to assess its implications for the
 trust and its academies, drawing any matters of concern to the attention of the board.
- To consider and recommend to the board the trust's budget, including those of individual Academies, at the start of each financial year and any subsequent in-year budget changes as recommended by the CEO and/or the CFO.
- To ensure trust expenditure and income are in line with the agreed budget.
- To contribute to the trust's development plan through the consideration of financial priorities and proposals.
- To receive and approve all financial procedures and policies of the trust.
- To receive and approve all value for money proposals relating to the procurement, management and delivery of goods and services on behalf of the trust above the agreed threshold.
- To receive and approve any applications for external funding and grants.
- To oversee the trust's capital strategy, ensuring the estate is maintained effectively and is suitable for its intended purpose.
- To ensure H&S compliance across the trust.
- · To receive reports and recommendations relating to the condition of the estate and associated assets.
- To ensure that all policies related to Finance, Personnel, Premises and Health & Safety are reviewed regularly and are compliant with legislation

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

The chair of the Finance and Resources Committee is Rev Canon P Ballard. Attendance at meetings in the year was as follows:

Trustees	Meetings attended	Out of possible
Rev Canon P Ballard	3	3
Mr B Ardern	2	3
Prof J Crewdson (Chairman)	3	3
Mr M Dudfield	3	3
Mrs S Kenyon (Accounting Officer)	3	3
Mr C Hopkinson	0	3

Review of value for money

As accounting officer, the CEO has responsibility for ensuring that the trust delivers good value in the use of public resources. The accounting officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes, as well as estates safety and management, achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

The accounting officer considers how the trust's use of its resources has provided good value for money during each academic year, and reports to the board of trustees where value for money can be improved, including the use of benchmarking data or by using a framework where appropriate. The accounting officer for the trust has delivered improved value for money during the year by:

- Benchmarking: The COO/CFO, Trust Accountant and School Business Managers are members of a regional group of 300 school and academy school business managers. The group focuses on sharing best practice and comparing prices for goods and services. Collaborative purchasing opportunities have enabled the trust to obtain discounts on costs of a number of purchases. Financial benchmarking exercises carried out during the year, utilising professionally produced reports to compare key income and expenditure types with local and national academies of similar size and form indicate that our costs were below the median, across the board, and show that the strict budgeting and financial control has been effective.
- Options appraisal: The trust has clear systems for purchasing, with a hierarchy for purchasing decisions including trustee authorisation at the highest level. Purchases of goods and services valued at over £5,000 require three quotes, although in practice we generally obtain quotes for goods and services of much lower value, to ensure best value. Orders for all goods and services are authorised only after meeting the stringent procedures for obtaining value for money. Even relatively low value orders are intercepted by the School Business Managers and Director of Finance and Operations if they are not considered to be cost-effective.
- **Negotiation:** The COO/CFO, Trust Accountant and the School Business Managers have successfully driven down costs through determined negotiation with suppliers throughout the year. Quotations for goods and services have been routinely challenged and most prices have subsequently been reduced. Significant reductions have continued to be achieved in many cases.

During 2023-24, the following have been specific areas of focus;

- Catering Function: Full review of all schools' catering income and expenditure to identify needs for price increases and/or changes in catering supplies procurement and staff utilisation.
- Investment Strategy: Meetings with bank to secure updated investment strategies to reflect interest rate increases.
- Energy Procurement: Extensive research on energy procurement to obtain the most favourable energy costs.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives. It can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of trust policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in The Bay Learning Trust for the period 1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

Capacity to handle risk

The board of trustees has reviewed the key risks to which the trust is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The board of trustees is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the trust's significant risks that has been in place for the period 1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the board of trustees.

The risk and control framework

The trust's system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the board of trustees;
- regular reviews by the Finance and Resources Committee of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines; and
- · identification and management of risks.

The board of trustees has decided:

· to buy-in an internal audit service from TIAA Limited

The reviewer's role includes giving advice on financial and other matters and performing a range of checks on the academy trust's financial and other systems. In particular, the checks carried out in the current period included:

- · a review of key financial controls
- a review of the risk management framework
- a review of cyber, IT infrastructure and governance

On a biannual basis, the reviewer reports to the board of trustees, through the sub-committee on the operation of the systems of control and on the discharge of the board of trustees' financial responsibilities and annually prepares an annual summary report to the committee outlining the areas reviewed, key findings, recommendations and conclusions to help the committee consider actions and assess year on year progress.

Review of effectiveness

As accounting officer, the CEO has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question the review has been informed by:

- the work of the internal auditor;
- the work of the external auditor;
- the financial management and governance self-assessment process or the school resource management self-assessment tool; and
- the work of the executive managers within the trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

The Accounting Officer has been advised of the implications of the result of their review of the system of internal control by the Finance and Resources Committee and a plan to ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Conclusion

Based on the advice of the Finance and Resources committee and the accounting officer, the board of trustees is of the opinion that the trust has an adequate and effective framework for governance, risk management and control.

Approved by order of the board of trustees on 16 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Prof J Crewdson
Chairman

Mrs S Kenyon

Accounting Officer

STATEMENT OF REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

As accounting officer of The Bay Learning Trust, I have considered my responsibility to notify the trust board of trustees and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with terms and conditions of all funding, including for estates safety and management, under the funding agreement in place between the trust and the Secretary of State for Education. As part of my consideration I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academy Trust Handbook 2023, including responsibilities for estates safety and management.

I confirm that I and the trust's board of trustees are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the trust's funding agreement and the Academy Trust Handbook 2023.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the board of trustees and ESFA.

Mrs S Kenyon

Accounting Officer

18 December 2024

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

The trustees (who are also the directors of The Bay Learning Trust for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the accounts in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2023 to 2024 published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under company law, the trustees must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period.

In preparing these accounts, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2023 to 2024;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will
 continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the charitable company applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring that grants received from ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of accounts may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees on 16 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Prof J Crewdson

Chairman

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BAY LEARNING TRUST

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Opinion

We have audited the accounts of The Bay Learning Trust for the year ended 31 August 2024 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and notes to the accounts, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2023 to 2024 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

In our opinion the accounts:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 August 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2023 to 2024.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the accounts' section of our report. We are independent of the trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the accounts in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the accounts and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the accounts does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the accounts or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the accounts themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report including the incorporated strategic report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts; and
- the trustees' report including the incorporated strategic report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BAY LEARNING TRUST (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the trust and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report, including the incorporated strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the accounts, the trustees are responsible for assessing the trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these accounts.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting, irregularities including fraud

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Identifying and assessing potential risks related to irregularities

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- the nature of the industry and sector, control environment and business performance;
- the schools' own assessment of the risks that irregularities may occur either as a result of fraud or error;
- the results of our enquiries of management and members of the board of governors of their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities;
- any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed the schools' documentation of their policies and procedures relating to:
- identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
- detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud; and
- · the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- the matters discussed among the audit engagement team regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BAY LEARNING TRUST (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following areas:

(i) The presentation of the trust's Statement of Financial Activities, (ii) revenue recognition (iii) the overstatement of salary and other costs (iv) the assumptions used in the calculation of the valuation of the surplus or deficit on the defined benefit pension scheme and the movements for the year. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the charity operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act, the Statement of Recommended Practice - 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities' issued by the joint SORP making body, along with the Academy Trust Handbook and Accounts Direction 2023-24 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the academy's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. This includes regulations concerning Data Protection and Safeguarding.

Audit response to risks identified

As a result of performing the above, we identified the presentation of the trust's Statement of Financial Activities, revenue recognition and overstatement of wages and other costs as the key audit matters related to the potential risk of fraud. The key audit matters section of our report explains the matters in more detail and also describes the specific procedures we performed in response to those key audit matters.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with relevant laws and regulations described above as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- · enquiring of management and members of the board concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and reviewing correspondence with relevant authorities where matters identified were significant;
- in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls we carried out testing of the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates were indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BAY LEARNING TRUST (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Robert Hall (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Mitchell Charlesworth (Audit) Limited

18 December 2024

Accountants
Statutory Auditor

24 Nicholas Street Chester

CH1 2AU

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO THE BAY LEARNING TRUST AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 15 July 2022 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2023 to 2024, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by The Bay Learning Trust during the period 1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to The Bay Learning Trust and ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the The Bay Learning Trust and ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than The Bay Learning Trust and ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of The Bay Learning Trust's accounting officer and the reporting accountant

The accounting officer is responsible, under the requirements of The Bay Learning Trust's funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 30 April 2019 and the Academy Trust Handbook, extant from 1 September 2023, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance, and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2023 to 2024. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountant of Academy Trusts issued by ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the trust's income and expenditure.

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- Reviewing the activities to ensure they are in keeping with the charitable objectives and framework.
- Reviewing declarations of interest and seeking further representations.
- Reviewing the control environment and considering potential weaknesses.
- Reviewing minutes of various committees, management accounts and holding discussions with key personnel.

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO THE BAY LEARNING TRUST AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Conclusion

In the course of our work, except for the matters listed below, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Reporting Accountant

Mitchell Charlesworth (Audit) Limited 24 Nicholas Street Chester CH1 2AU

Dated: 18 December 2024

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

		Unrestricted funds	Res General	tricted funds: Fixed asset	Total 2024	Total 2023 as restated
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income and endowments from:						
Donations and capital grants	3	12	22	2,631	2,665	3,683
Donations - transfer from local authority						
on conversion	30	343	1,226	10,797	12,366	-
Charitable activities:						
- Funding for educational operations	4	32	36,672	-	36,704	27,845
Other trading activities	5	818	466	-	1,284	1,811
Investments	6	29	-	-	29	15
Total		1,234	38,386	13,428	53,048	33,354
Expenditure on:						
Raising funds	7	-	37	-	37	-
Charitable activities:						
- Educational operations	9	1,251	36,775	552 ———	38,578	31,045
Total	7	1,251	36,812	552	38,615	31,045
Net income/(expenditure)		(17)	1,574	12,876	14,433	2,309
Transfers between funds	18	-	107	(107)	-	-
Other recognised gains/(losses)						
Actuarial (losses)/gains on defined benefit						
pension schemes	20	-	(23)	-	(23)	2,969
Adjustment for restriction on pension						
assets	20	-	(4,545)	-	(4,545)	-
Revaluation of fixed assets	13	-	-	-	-	19,637
Net movement in funds		(17)	(2,887)	12,769	9,865	24,915
Reconciliation of funds						
Total funds brought forward (as originally						
stated)		770	4,349	48,969	54,088	
Prior year adjustment		-	-	25,001	25,001	
Total funds brought forward (as restated)		770	4,349	73,970 ———	79,089	54,174
Total funds carried forward		753	1,462	86,739	88,954	79,089

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Comparative year information		Unrestricted	Res	tricted funds:	Total
Year ended 31 August 2023		funds	General	Fixed asset	2023
As restated	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income and endowments from:					
Donations and capital grants Charitable activities:	3	-	76	3,607	3,683
- Funding for educational operations	4	-	27,845	-	27,845
Other trading activities	5	1,085	726	-	1,811
Investments	6	15			15
Total		1,100	28,647	3,607	33,354
Expenditure on:					
Charitable activities:					
- Educational operations	9	1,100	29,516	429	31,045
Total	7	1,100	29,516	429	31,045
				====	
Net income/(expenditure)		-	(869)	3,178	2,309
Transfers between funds	18	-	(355)	355	-
Other recognised gains/(losses)					
Actuarial gains on defined benefit pension schemes	20	-	2,969	-	2,969
Revaluation of fixed assets	13			19,637	19,637
Net movement in funds		-	1,745	23,170	24,915
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds brought forward		770 ———	2,604	50,800	54,174
Total funds carried forward		770	4,349	73,970	79,089

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2024

		2024		2023 as restated		
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	13		83,956		69,468	
Current assets						
Debtors	14	4,745		5,788		
Cash at bank and in hand		4,103		4,546		
		8,848		10,334		
Current liabilities						
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(2,984)		(3,229)		
Net current assets			5,864		7,105	
Total assets less current liabilities			89,820		76,573	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than						
one year	16		(866)		(373)	
Net assets excluding pension asset			88,954		76,200	
Defined benefit pension scheme asset	20		-		2,889	
Total net assets			88,954		79,089	
Funds of the trust:						
Restricted funds	18					
- Fixed asset funds			86,739		73,970	
- Restricted income funds			1,462		1,460	
- Pension reserve			-		2,889	
Total restricted funds			88,201		78,319	
Unrestricted income funds	18		753		770	
Total funds			 88,954		79,089	

The accounts on pages 25 to 56 were approved by the trustees and authorised for issue on 16 December 2024 and are signed on their behalf by:

Prof J Crewdson

Chairman

Company registration number 07588464 (England and Wales)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

		2024		2023 as restated		
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Cash flows from operating activities						
Net cash used in operating activities	21		(885)		(2,128)	
Cash funds transferred on conversion	30		343		-	
					-	
			(542)		(2,128)	
Cash flows from investing activities						
Dividends, interest and rents from investments		29		15		
Capital grants from DfE Group		3,264		4,618		
Capital funding received from sponsors and others		518		1,770		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(4,243)		(7,294)		
Net cash used in investing activities			(432)		(891)	
Cash flows from financing activities						
New other loan		573		-		
Repayment of long term bank loan		(35)		-		
Repayment of other loan		(7)		(34)		
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities			531		(34)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents in the						
reporting period			(443)		(3,053)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year			4,546		7,599	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year			4,103		4,546	
			===		===	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

1 Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The accounts of the trust, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2023 to 2024 issued by ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the trust. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds '000.

1.2 Going concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate, ie whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charitable company to continue as a going concern. The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the accounts and have concluded that the trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and there are no material uncertainties about the trust's ability to continue as a going concern. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the accounts.

1.3 Conversion to an academy trust

The conversion from a state maintained school to an academy trust involved the transfer of identifiable assets and liabilities and the operation of the school for £nil consideration. The substance of the transfer is that of a gift and it has been accounted for on that basis as set out below.

The assets and liabilities transferred on conversion from Barnacre Road Primary School and Longridge High School to the academy trust have been valued at their fair value. The fair value has been derived based on that of equivalent items. The amounts have been recognised under the appropriate balance sheet categories, with a corresponding amount recognised in Donations – transfer from local authority on conversion in the Statement of Financial Activities and analysed under unrestricted funds, restricted general funds and restricted fixed asset funds. Further details of the transaction are set out in note 30.

1.4 Income

All incoming resources are recognised when the trust has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

<u>Grants</u>

Grants are included in the statement of financial activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of meeting any performance-related conditions there is not unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performance-related conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the statement of financial activities in the period for which it is receivable, and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Capital grants are recognised in full when there is an unconditional entitlement to the grant. Unspent amounts of capital grants are reflected in the balance sheet in the restricted fixed asset fund. Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended.

Sponsorship income

Sponsorship income provided to the trust which amounts to a donation is recognised in the statement of financial activities in the period in which it is receivable (where there are no performance-related conditions), where the receipt is probable and it can be measured reliably.

Donations

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Other income

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the trust has provided the goods or services.

Donated goods, facilities and services

Goods donated for resale are included at fair value, being the expected proceeds from sale less the expected costs of sale. If it is practical to assess the fair value at receipt, it is recognised in stock and 'Income from other trading activities'. Upon sale, the value of the stock is charged against 'Income from other trading activities' and the proceeds are recognised as 'Income from other trading activities'. Where it is impractical to fair value the items due to the volume of low value items they are not recognised in the accounts until they are sold. This income is recognised within 'Income from other trading activities'.

Donated fixed assets

Donated fixed assets are measured at fair value unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor is used. The gain is recognised as income from donations and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the trust's accounting policies.

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

All resources expended are inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Expenditure on raising funds

This includes all expenditure incurred by the trust to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Charitable activities

These are costs incurred on the trust's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the trust apportioned to charitable activities.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Assets costing £5,000 (excluding VAT) or more are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the balance sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. Where there are specific conditions attached to the funding that require the continued use of the asset, the related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the statement of financial activities and carried forward in the balance sheet. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged directly to the restricted fixed asset fund in the statement of financial activities. Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with unrestricted funds, depreciation on such assets is charged to the unrestricted fund.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings over the remainder of the 125 year lease straight line

Computer equipment 33% straight line
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 33% straight line
Motor vehicles 25% straight line

The assets in each valuation were valued using a depreciated replacement cost model and are to be depreciated over the remaining lease period.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.7 Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the trust anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods of services it must provide.

1.8 Leased assets

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.9 Financial instruments

The trust only holds basic financial instruments as defined in FRS 102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the trust and their measurement basis are as follows.

Financial assets

Trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost. Prepayments are not financial instruments.

Cash at bank is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Financial liabilities

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Trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised cost. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition.

Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instrument.

1.10 Taxation

The trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by chapter 3 part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

1.11 Pensions benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes and the assets are held separately from those of the trust.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary based on quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. The TPS is an unfunded multi-employer scheme with no underlying assets to assign between employers. Consequently, the TPS is treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions are recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded multi-employer scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high-quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to net income or expenditure are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the statement of financial activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

1.12 Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the trust at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder/donor and include grants from the Department for Education Group.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.13 Agency arrangements

The Trust acts as an agent in distributing 16-19 bursary funds from ESFA. Payments received from ESFA and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the statement of financial activities as the Trust does not have control over the charitable application of the funds. The Trust can use up to 5% of the allocation towards its own administration costs and this is recognized in the statement of financial activities. The funds received and paid and any balances held are disclosed in note 28.

1.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the trust has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

2 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Accounting estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

The trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit asset/liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost or income for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 20, will impact the carrying amount of the pension asset/liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2022 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions asset/liability at 31 August 2024. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension asset/liability.

FRS 102 section 28.22 allows an entity to recognise a surplus within the Local Government Pension Scheme "only to the extent it is able to recover the surplus either through reduced contributions in the future or through refunds from the plan". The actuarial report as at 31 August 2024 indicates a defined benefit asset position, which has been capped at nil value. This is on the basis that it is uncertain that a surplus following any triennial review would result in reduced contributions for the employer, and is unlikely to result in a repayment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

3	Donations and capital grants				
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
		funds	funds	2024	2023
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Capital grants	-	2,113	2,113	3,587
	Other donations	12	540	552	96
		12 ====	2,653 	2,665 	3,683
4	Funding for the trust's charitable activities				
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
		funds	funds	2024	2023
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	DfE/ESFA grants				
	General annual grant (GAG)	-	27,321	27,321	21,033
	Other DfE/ESFA grants:				
	- Pupil premium	-	1,277	1,277	972
	- Start up grants	-	141	141	25
	- National college grant	-	564	564	739
	- Teacher Pay/Pension grant	-	882	882	105
	- Rates grant	-	164	164	107
	- 16 to 19 funding	-	2,320	2,320	2,631
	- Others		2,160	2,160	1,668
		-	34,829	34,829	27,280
	Other government grants				
	Local authority grants	_	1,050	1,050	550
	Other government grants	-	29	29	15
			1,079	1,079	565
					
	Other incoming resources	32 ———	764 ———	796 ———	
	Total funding	32	36,672	36,704	27,845

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

-	Other trading activities					
5	Other trading activities		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
			funds	funds	2024	2023
			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
			1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
	Hire of facilities		199	_	199	128
	Catering income		100	-	100	664
	Music tuition		97	-	97	73
	Parental contributions		-	344	344	605
	Other income		422	122	544	341
			818	466	1,284	1,811
6	Investment income					
			Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
			funds	funds	2024	2023
			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Short term deposits		29 =====	<u>-</u>	29 	15 ———
7	Expenditure					
	•					
	•			y expenditure	Total	Total
	·	Staff costs	Premises	Other	2024	2023
	·	Staff costs £'000				
	Expenditure on raising funds		Premises	Other	2024	2023
			Premises	Other	2024	2023
	Expenditure on raising funds		Premises	Other £'000	2024 £'000	2023
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs		Premises	Other £'000	2024 £'000	2023
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations	£'000	Premises £'000	Other £'000	2024 £'000 37	2023 £'000
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations - Direct costs	£'000	Premises £'000	Other £'000 37 4,049	2024 £'000 37 29,973	2023 £'000 - 23,705
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations - Direct costs	£'000 - 25,510	Premises £'000	Other £'000 37 4,049 2,197	2024 £'000 37 29,973 8,605	2023 £'000
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations - Direct costs - Allocated support costs	25,510 3,935 ————————————————————————————————————	Premises £'000	Other £'000 37 4,049 2,197	2024 £'000 37 29,973 8,605 38,615	2023 £'000
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations - Direct costs	25,510 3,935 ————————————————————————————————————	Premises £'000	Other £'000 37 4,049 2,197	2024 £'000 37 29,973 8,605	2023 £'000
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations - Direct costs - Allocated support costs Net income/(expenditure) for the year	25,510 3,935 ————————————————————————————————————	Premises £'000	Other £'000 37 4,049 2,197	2024 £'000 37 29,973 8,605 38,615 ====================================	2023 £'000 23,705 7,340 31,045 2023 £'000
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations - Direct costs - Allocated support costs Net income/(expenditure) for the year	25,510 3,935 ————————————————————————————————————	Premises £'000	Other £'000 37 4,049 2,197	2024 £'000 37 29,973 8,605 38,615 =	2023 £'000 23,705 7,340 31,045 2023 £'000
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations - Direct costs - Allocated support costs Net income/(expenditure) for the year Operating lease rentals Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	25,510 3,935 ————————————————————————————————————	Premises £'000	Other £'000 37 4,049 2,197	2024 £'000 37 29,973 8,605 38,615 ====================================	2023 £'000 23,705 7,340 31,045 2023 £'000
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations - Direct costs - Allocated support costs Net income/(expenditure) for the year Operating lease rentals Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Fees payable to auditor for:	25,510 3,935 ————————————————————————————————————	Premises £'000	Other £'000 37 4,049 2,197	2024 £'000 37 29,973 8,605 38,615 2024 £'000	2023 £'000 23,705 7,340 31,045 2023 £'000
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations - Direct costs - Allocated support costs Net income/(expenditure) for the year Operating lease rentals Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Fees payable to auditor for: - Audit	25,510 3,935 ————————————————————————————————————	Premises £'000	Other £'000 37 4,049 2,197	2024 £'000 37 29,973 8,605 38,615 =	2023 £'000 23,705 7,340 31,045 2023 £'000
	Expenditure on raising funds - Direct costs Academy's educational operations - Direct costs - Allocated support costs Net income/(expenditure) for the year Operating lease rentals Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Fees payable to auditor for:	£'000 - 25,510 3,935 29,445 ar includes:	Premises £'000	Other £'000 37 4,049 2,197	2024 £'000 37 29,973 8,605 38,615 2024 £'000 61 552	2023 £'000 23,705 7,340 31,045 2023 £'000 58 429

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

8 Central services

The trust has provided the following central services to its academies during the year:

- · Human resources;
- Financial services;
- Legal services;
- Educational and administrative support services

The amounts charged during the year were as follows:

- Health and safety
- Building condition/compliance reporting
- Trust improvement partner costs
- CPD costs
- Marketing
- Financial software

The trust charges for these services on the basis of a charge of 4% of core funding (GAG, 16-19 allocation) and also 4% of MSAG against recurrent GAG income.

2024

2023

	The amounts charged during the year were as follows	3.		2024	2023
				£'000	£'000
	Ripley St Thomas CE Academy			404	383
	Carnforth High School			176	157
	Morecambe Bay Academy			286	268
	Central Lancaster High School			173	152
	Barnacre Road Primary School			23	-
	Longridge High School			195	-
				1,257	960
9	Charitable activities				
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
		funds	funds	2024	2023
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Direct costs				
	Educational operations	1,251	28,722	29,973	23,705
	Support costs				
	Educational operations	-	8,605	8,605	7,340
		1,251	37,327	38,578	31,045
		===		====	====

Severance payments

£0 - £25,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

9	Charitable activities		(Continued)
		2024	2023
		£'000	£'000
	Analysis of support costs		
	Support staff costs	4,011	3,363
	Depreciation	138	107
	Technology costs	220	152
	Premises costs	2,335	2,317
	Legal costs	71	46
	Other support costs	1,786	1,330
	Governance costs	44	25
		8,605	7,340
10	Staff		===
	Staff costs and employee benefits		
	Staff costs during the year were:		
		2024	2023
		£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries	21,615	16,642
	Social security costs	2,136	1,674
	Pension costs	4,604	3,577
	Staff costs - employees	28,355	21,893
	Agency staff costs	980	1,150
	Staff restructuring costs	110	20
		29,445	23,063
	Staff development and other staff costs		324
	Total staff expenditure	29,732	23,387
	Staff restructuring costs comprise:		
	Severance payments	110	20
			

7

The trust paid 7 severance payments in the year, disclosed in the following bands:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

10 Staff (Continued)

Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the trust during the year was as follows:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Teachers	276	230
Administration and support	395	236
Management	42	36
	713	502
	==	
The number of persons employed, expressed as a full time equivalent, was as follows:		
	2024	2023
	Number	Number
Teachers	250	215
Administration and support	207	162
Management	42	35
	499	412

Higher paid staff

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs and employer national insurance contributions) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2024	2023
	Number	Number
£60,001 - £70,000	16	17
£70,001 - £80,000	10	5
£80,001 - £90,000	8	3
£90,001 - £100,000	2	2
£100,001 - £110,000	2	1
£110,001 - £120,000	1	1
£120,001 - £130,000	1	1
£130,001 - £140,000	1	-

Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the trust comprise the trustees and the senior management team as listed on page 1. The total amount of key management personnel benefits (including employer pension contributions and employer national insurance contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the trust was £1,317,847 (2023: £1,145,990).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

11 Trustees' remuneration and expenses

One or more of the trustees has been paid remuneration or has received other benefits from an employment with the trust. The Headteacher and other staff trustees only receive remuneration in respect of services they provide undertaking the roles of Headteacher and staff members under their contracts of employment, and not in respect of their services as trustees.

The value of trustees' remuneration and other benefits was as follows:

Mrs S Kenyon (CEO, Headteacher and Trustee):

Remuneration £130,000 - £140,000 (2023: £120,000 - £130,000) Employers' pension contributions£30,000 - £35,000 (2023: £25,000 - £30,000)

Trustees' Expenses

During the year ended 31 August 2024, travel and subsistence totalling £351 were reimbursed to one trustee (2023: £839).

12 Trustees' and officers' insurance

In accordance with normal commercial practice, the trust has purchased insurance to protect trustees and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on trust business. The insurance provides cover up to £10,000,000. It is not possible to quantify the trustees and officers' indemnity element from the overall cost of the RPA scheme.

13 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Computer equipment	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 September 2023	71,319	663	468	40	72,490
Transfer on conversion	10,797	-	-	-	10,797
Additions	3,960	165	118	-	4,243
At 31 August 2024	86,076	828	586	40	87,530
Depreciation					
At 1 September 2023	2,052	556	395	19	3,022
Charge for the year	327	128	89	8	552
At 31 August 2024	2,379	684	484	27	3,574
Net book value					
At 31 August 2024	83,697	144	102	13	83,956
At 31 August 2023	==== 69,267	107	73	21	69,468
-					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

13	Tangible fixed assets		(Continued)
	Comparable historical cost for the land and buildings included at valuation:		
		2024	2023
		£'000	£'000
	Cost	63,010	52,622
	Accumulated depreciation	2,575	2,342
	At 31 August 2024	60,435	50,280

All other tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost.

Out of the total carrying amount of £83,697,000 within land and buildings, assets with a carrying amount of £72,490,000 were revalued on 31st August 2023. The valuations were initially prepared by independent valuers not connected with the company, on the basis of market value. The valuation conforms to International Valuation Standards and was based on recent market transactions on arm's length terms for similar properties.

A prior year adjustment in relation to a valuation has been made to bring all schools up to date with their valuations.

14 Debtors

		2024 £'000	2023 £'000
	Trade debtors	2	15
	VAT recoverable	361	430
	Other debtors	3	2
	Prepayments and accrued income	4,379	5,341
		4,745	5,788
15	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2024	2023
		£'000	£'000
	Government loans	72	27
	Other loans	-	7
	Trade creditors	459	1,086
	Other taxation and social security	517	431
	Other creditors	593	489
	Accruals and deferred income	1,343	1,189
		2,984	3,229

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

16	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	,	2024	2023
		£'000	£'000
	Government loans	866	373
			===
		2024	2023
	Analysis of loans	£'000	£'000
	Wholly repayable within five years	938	407
	Less: included in current liabilities	(72)	(34)
	Amounts included above	866	373
		=	
	Loan maturity		
	Debt due in one year or less	72	34
	Due in more than two years but not more than five years	417	283
	Due in more than five years	449	90
		938	407
		===	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

16 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

(Continued)

Loans include two amounts received to fund energy efficient projects via the ESFA Salix scheme with no interest charged on the balances outstanding. The cost of repaying the loans will be offset by the energy cost savings resulting from the works carried out. Loan repayments are made in September and March of each year for the life of the loans.

The total repayable after more than five years is £15,235 (2023: £nil)

Loans also include CIF loans totalling £835,000 (2023: £375,000). The repayable profile on these loans is as follows:

- Loan 1 repayment plan £61,000 £15,000 is due within one year, £46,000 between one and five years. The CIF loan is over 5 years and has an interest rate of 1.99% p.a. - Repayments began in September 2023.
- Loan 2 repayment plan £150,000 £15,000 is due within one year, £60,000 between one and five years and £75,000 is due in over five years. - The CIF loan is over 10 years and has an interest rate of 1.49% p.a. -Repayments are expected to begin in September 2024.
- Loan 3 repayment plan £150,000 £15,000 is due within one year, £60,000 between one and fiver years and £75,000 is due in over five years. - The CIF loan is over 10 years and has an interest rate of 2.07% p.a. -Repayments are expected to begin in September 2024.
- Loan 4 repayment plan £48,000 £0 is due within one year, £24,000 between one and five years and £24,000 is due in over five years. - The CIF loan is over 10 years and has an interest rate of 3.18% p.a. - Repayments are expected to begin in September 2025.
- Loan 5 repayment plan £216,000 £0 is due within one year, £108,000 between one and five years and £118,000 is due in over five years. - The CIF loan is over 10 years and has an interest rate of 3.18% p.a. -Repayments are expected to begin in September 2025.
- Loan 6 repayment plan £53,000 £0 is due within one year, £26,000 between one and five years, and £27,000 is due in over five years. - The CIF loan is over 10 years and has an interest rate of 3.18% p.a. -Repayments are expected to begin in September 2025.
- · Loan 7 repayment plan £54,000 £0 is due within one year, £27,000 between one and five years, and £27,000 is due in over five years. - The CIF loan is over 10 years and has an interest rate of 3.18% p.a. -Repayments are expected to begin in September 2025.
- · Loan 8 repayment plan £58,000 £0 is due within one year, £29,000 between one and five years, and £29,000 is due in over five years. - The CIF loan is over 10 years and has an interest rate of 3.18% p.a. -Repayments are expected to begin in September 2025.
- Loan 9 repayment plan £45,000 £0 is due within one year, £23,000 between one and five years, and £22,000 is due in over five years. - The CIF loan is over 10 years and has an interest rate of 3.18% p.a. -Repayments are expected to begin in September 2025.

17 **Deferred income**

	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Deferred income is included within:		
Creditors due within one year	620	64
Deferred income at 1 September 2023	64	79
Released from previous years	(64)	(79)
Resources deferred in the year	620	64
Deferred income at 31 August 2024	620	64
	==	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

17 Deferred income (Continued)

At the balance sheet date the trust was holding funds of £620,000 in relation to deferred income. The breakdown of these funds consist of:

- £ 58,000 received in advance for rates relief payments from the ESFA.
- £ 13,000 received in relation to catering income.
- £213,000 received in advance for educational trips to take place in the following year.
- £ 27,000 in relation to donations and grants, received but not yet used for their purpose.
- £270,000 in relation to LCC Expansion Funding.
- £ 11,000 in relation to Bursaries Clawback.
- £ 10,000 in relation to Apprenticeship income.
- £ 18,000 in relation to School Performances + Fundraising.

18 Funds

	Balance at			Gains,	Balance at
	1 September			losses and	31 August
	2023	Income	Expenditure	transfers	2024
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Restricted general funds					
General Annual Grant (GAG)	1,290	27,321	(27,536)	107	1,182
Start up grants	16	141	(108)	-	49
Pupil premium	-	1,277	(1,277)	-	-
Other DfE/ESFA grants	-	4,851	(4,764)	-	87
Other government grants	-	1,079	(1,078)	-	1
16-19 Bursary Funds	6	46	(40)	-	12
National College Funds	2	1,193	(1,219)	-	(24)
Other restricted funds	146	1,252	(1,243)	-	155
Pension reserve	2,889	1,226	453	(4,568)	-
	4,349	38,386	(36,812)	(4,461)	1,462
Restricted fixed asset funds					
DfE group capital grants	11,579	2,113	(54)	(10,751)	2,887
ESFA building valuation	62,174	10,797	(327)	11,052	83,696
Other capitalised assets	217	518	(171)	(408)	156
	73,970	13,428	(552)	(107)	86,739
Total restricted funds	78,319	51,814	(37,364)	(4,568)	88,201
iotai restricteu iulius	76,31 9		(37,304)	(4,508)	
Unrestricted funds					
General funds	770	1,234	(1,251)	_	753
General funds	———	=====	(1,231)		———
Total funds	79,089	53,048	(38,615)	(4,568)	88,954

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

18 Funds (Continued)

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

Under the funding agreement with the Secretary of State, the trust was not subject to a limit on the amount of GAG that it could carry forward. At 31st August 2024 the carry forward of GAG was £1,182,000 (2023: £1,290,000).

The Start Up grants are to facilitate the joining of schools to the trust. As at the 31st August 2024, £49,000 (2023: £16,000) of these funds remained unspent.

Other DfE/ESFA grants include monies received outside of GAG funding and includes the Teacher Pay and Pension grants, as well as Free School Meals. During the current year the closing figure of £87,000 (2023: £nil) related to TCaf and TSIO grants.

The 16-19 Bursary fund, has been split out since the year ended 31st August 2023. The balance carried forward on these funds was £12,000 (2023: £6,000).

Other government grants represent amounts payable to the Trust predominantly from Lancashire County Council and includes Special Educational Needs (SEN) funding. The balance carried forward on these funds was £1,000 (2023: £Nil).

Teaching School / National College grants represent amounts receive by the trust with respect to the Teaching Schools and School Centred Initial Teach Training (SCITT) programmes. As at the 31st August 2024 the balance carried forward on these funds was £24,000 deficit (2023: £2,000).

Other restricted funds include the income and related expenditure for educational visits, supplies of staff, and after school clubs and all donations for specified purposes such as charitable or educational trust grants, fundraising proceeds and general donations with restrictions attached. As at the 31st August 2024 £155,000 (2023: £146,000) of these funds remained unspent.

DfE/ESFA capital grants received during the year relate to Devolved Formula Capital and Condition Improvement Funding. £2,113,000 (2023: £3,587,000) of the funding £984,000 remained unspent at the 31st August 2024 and will be used to fund ongoing capital projects into the 2024/25 academic year.

Other capitalised assets post conversion represents the value of assets purchased since conversion to academy school status not relating to Land and Buildings. These are depreciated in line with the accounting policies set out in note 1 and at the yearend had a closing balance of £156,000 (2023: £217,000).

The ESFA building valuation represents the value of leasehold assets as per the valuation detailed in note 13 to the accounts plus subsequent assets improvements. The assets were all valued using a depreciated replacement cost model and are to be depreciated over a 125 year period.

Unrestricted funds include the income and related expenditure for activities such as lettings, sales of educational goods and services, Teaching School activities, catering and music income. It also includes all investment income and gift aid donations. The balance on this fund at the 31st August 2024 is £753,000 (2023: £770,000) and these funds can be used at the discretion of the trustees, in order to meet the charitable objections of the trust.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

18 Funds (Continued)

Comparative information in respect of the preceding period is as follows:

	Balance at 1 September 2022	Income	Expenditure	Gains, losses and transfers	Balance at 31 August 2023
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Restricted general funds					
General Annual Grant (GAG)	2,413	21,033	(21,867)	(289)	1,290
Start up grants	-	25	(9)	-	16
Pupil premium	-	972	(972)	-	-
Other DfE/ESFA grants	-	1,703	(1,703)	-	-
Other government grants	-	565	(554)	(11)	-
Teaching schools	42	-	-	(42)	-
16-19 Bursary Funds	8	48	(50)	-	6
National College Funds	25	772	(837)	42	2
Teachers Pay/Pension	-	105	(105)	-	-
16-19 Revenue Funding	-	2,622	(2,622)	-	-
Other restricted funds	83	802	(684)	(55)	146
Pension reserve			(113)	2,969	2,889
	2,604	28,647	(29,516)	2,614	4,349
Restricted fixed asset funds					
DfE group capital grants	7,834	3,587	-	158	11,579
ESFA building valuation	42,811	-	(273)	19,636	62,174
Other capitalised assets	155 ——	20	(156)	198	217
	50,800 =====	3,607	(429) ———	19,992 ———	73,970 ———
Total restricted funds	53,404	32,254	(29,945)	22,606	78,319
Unrestricted funds					
General funds	770 =====	1,100 =====	(1,100) =====		770 ====
Total funds	54,174	33,354	(31,045)	22,606	79,089

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

18	Funds		(Continued)
	Total funds analysis by academy		
		2024	2023
	Fund balances at 31 August 2024 were allocated as follows:	£'000	£'000
	Ripley St Thomas CE Academy	993	2,052
	Carnforth High School	527	570
	Morecambe Bay Academy	248	228
	Central Lancaster High School	(134)	(1,139)
	Barnacre Road Primary School	93	-
	Longridge High School	110	-
	Central services	378	518
	Total before fixed assets fund and pension reserve	2,215	2,230
	Restricted fixed asset fund	86,739	73,970
	Pension reserve	-	2,889
	Total funds	88,954	79,089

Central Lancaster High School is carrying a net deficit of £134,000 (2023: £1,139,000). The school joined the trust with a pre-existing deficit from the Local Authority in 2019. The trust has a recovery plan in place to return the school's free reserves to within the target range of 5-10% of Unrestricted/GAG income by August 2027.

Total cost analysis by academy

Expenditure incurred by each academy during the year was as follows:

	Teaching and			Other costs		
	educational	Other support	Educational	excluding	Total	Total
	support staff	staff costs	supplies	depreciation	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Ripley St Thomas CE Academy	8,196	1,085	1,139	1,070	11,490	11,405
Carnforth High School	3,514	536	495	493	5,038	4,625
Morecambe Bay Academy	5,419	906	887	1,030	8,242	7,959
Central Lancaster High School	3,033	453	675	588	4,749	4,361
Barnacre Road Primary School	480	114	75	104	773	-
Longridge High School	4,026	601	371	587	5,585	-
Central services	845	479	445	869	2,638	2,048
	25,513	4,174	4,087	4,741	38,515	30,398
	====			====		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

Analysis of net assets between funds				
	Unrestricted	Res	tricted funds:	Total
	Funds	General	Fixed asset	Funds
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fund balances at 31 August 2024 are represented by:				
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	83,956	83,956
Current assets	753	3,913	4,182	8,848
Current liabilities	-	(2,451)	(533)	(2,984)
Non-current liabilities			(866)	(866)
Total net assets	753	1,462	86,739	88,954
	Unrestricted	Res	tricted funds:	Total
	Funds	General	Fixed asset	Funds
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fund balances at 31 August 2023 are represented by:				
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	69,468	69,468
Current assets	770	3,549	6,015	10,334
Current liabilities	-	(2,089)	(1,140)	(3,229)
Non-current liabilities	-	-	(373)	(373)
Pension scheme asset	-	2,889	-	2,889
Total net assets	770	4,349	73,970	79,089

20 Pension and similar obligations

The trust's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Lancashire County Pension Fund. Both are multi-employer defined benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2020, and that of the LGPS related to the period ended 31 March 2022.

Contributions amounting to £593,000 were payable to the schemes at 31 August 2024 (2023: £418,000) and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

Introduction

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for teachers in academy trusts. All teachers have the option to opt out of the TPS following enrolment.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme to which both the member and employer makes contributions, as a percentage of salary. These contributions are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

20 Pension and similar obligations

(Continued)

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury every 4 years. The aim of the review is to ensure scheme costs are recognised and managed appropriately and the review specifies the level of future contributions.

Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2020. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 27 October 2023, with the SCAPE rate, set by HMT, applying a notional investment return based on 1.7% above the rate of CPI. The key elements of the valuation outcome are:

- Employer contribution rates set at 28.68% of pensionable pay (including a 0.08% administration levy). This is an increase of 5% in employer contributions and the cost control result is such that no change in member benefits is needed.
- Total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £262,000 million and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £222,200 million, giving a notional past service deficit of £39,800 million.

The result of this valuation has been implemented from 1 April 2024. The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2028.

The employer's pension costs paid to the TPS in the period amounted to £3,655,000 (2023: £2,598,000).

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the Teachers' Pensions website.

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is an unfunded multi-employer pension scheme. The trust is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the plan. Accordingly, the trust has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 and has has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined benefit pension scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contributions are as noted below. The agreed contribution rates for future years are set out below:

Ripley St Thomas CE Academy:	19.3%
Carnforth High School:	19.8%
Morecambe Bay Academy:	21.0%
Central Lancaster High School:	19.3%
Central Services & SCITT	19.3%
Barnacre Road Primary School	16.3%
Longridge High School	18.7%

As described in note 30 the LGPS obligation relates to the employees of the trust, being the employees transferred as part of the conversion from the maintained school and new employees who joined the scheme in the period. The obligation in respect of employees who transferred on conversion represents their cumulative service at both the predecessor school and the trust at the balance sheet date.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of academy closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013 and on 21 July 2022, the Department for Education reaffirmed its commitment to the guarantee, with a parliamentary minute published on GOV.UK.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

20	Pension and similar obligations		(Continued)
	Total contributions made	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
	Employer's contributions	1,238	931
	Employees' contributions	377	280
	Total contributions	1,615 ====	1,211
	Principal actuarial assumptions	2024 %	2023 %
	Rate of increase in salaries	4.1	4.3
	Rate of increase for pensions in payment/inflation	2.7	2.9
	Discount rate for scheme liabilities	5.0	5.4
	Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.6	2.8
	The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvemen	ts in mortality	rates. The
	assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:	2024	2023
		Years	Years
	Retiring today	icais	icais
	- Males	21.0	21.0
	- Females	23.5	23.4
	Retiring in 20 years		
	- Males	22.2	22.2
	- Females	25.3	25.2
			==
	Sensitivity analysis		
	Scheme liabilities would have been affected by changes in assumptions as follows:		
		2024	2023
		£'000	£'000
	Discount rate + 0.1%	(380)	(300)
	Discount rate - 0.1%	387	305
	Mortality assumption + 1 year	437	338
	Mortality assumption - 1 year	(428)	(331)
	CPI rate + 0.1%	386	306
	CPI rate - 0.1%	(380)	(300)
		===	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

20	Pension and similar obligations		(Continued)
	Defined benefit pension scheme net asset	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
	Scheme assets	25,791	19,896
	Scheme obligations	(21,246)	(17,007)
	Net asset	4,545	2,889
	Restriction on scheme assets	(4,545)	-
	Total liability/(asset) recognised		2,889
	The trust's share of the assets in the scheme	2024	2023
		Fair value £'000	Fair value £'000
	Equities	12,300	9,630
	Other bonds	52	79
	Cash and other liquid assets	361	120
	Property	2,193	1,890
	Other assets	10,885	8,177
	Total market value of assets	25,791	19,896
	Restriction on scheme assets	(4,545)	-
	Net assets recognised	21,246	19,896
	The actual return on scheme assets was £1,743,000 (2023: £1,217,000).		
	Amount recognised in the statement of financial activities	2024	2023
		£'000	£'000
	Current service cost	996	1,040
	Interest income	(1,235)	(784)
	Interest cost	1,024	787
	Benefit changes, curtailments and settlements gains or losses	(37)	(26)
	Administration expenses	37	27
	Total amount recognised	785	1,044

The net gain recognised on scheme assets has been restricted because the full pension surplus is not expected to be recovered through refunds or reduced contributions in the future.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

20	Pension and similar obligations		(Continued)
	Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations	2024	2023
		£'000	£'000
	At 1 September 2023	17,007	17,677
	Obligations acquired on conversion	1,767	-
	Current service cost	996	1,040
	Interest cost	987	760
	Employee contributions	377	280
	Actuarial loss/(gain)	531	(2,536)
	Benefits paid	(419)	(214)
	At 31 August 2024	21,246	17,007
			
	Changes in the fair value of the trust's share of scheme assets		
		2024	2023
		£'000	£'000
	At 1 September 2023	19,896	17,710
	Assets acquired on conversion	2,993	-
	Interest income	1,235	784
	Actuarial gain	508	433
	Employer contributions	1,238	931
	Employee contributions	377	280
	Benefits paid	(419)	(214)
	Effect of non-routine settlements and administration expenses	(37)	(28)
	At 31 August 2024	 25,791	19,896
	Restriction on scheme assets	(4,545)	-
	Net assets recognised	21,246	19,896

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

21	Reconciliation of net income to net cash flow from operating activities			
	•		2024	2023
		Notes	£'000	£'000
	Net income for the reporting period (as per the statement of financial activities)		14,433	2,309
	Adjusted for:			
	Net surplus on conversion to academy	30	(12,366)	-
	Capital grants from DfE and other capital income		(2,631)	(3,607)
	Investment income receivable	6	(29)	(15)
	Defined benefit pension costs less contributions payable	20	(242)	110
	Defined benefit pension scheme finance (income)/cost	20	(211)	3
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		552	429
	(Increase) in debtors		(108)	(1,014)
	(Decrease) in creditors		(283)	(343)
	Net cash used in operating activities		(885)	(2,128)

22 Analysis of changes in net funds

	1 September 2023	Cash flows 31 A	August 2024
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash	4,546	(443)	4,103
Loans falling due within one year	(34)	(38)	(72)
Loans falling due after more than one year	(373)	(493)	(866)
	4,139	(974)	3,165

23 Contingent liabilities

During the period of the funding agreement, in the event of the sale or disposal by other means of any leasehold building the trust is required to either re-invest the proceeds or to repay the Secretary of State for Education or the Diocese the proceeds of the sale or disposal as these two bodies would jointly have an interest in the proceeds of any sale.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

24 Long-term commitments

Operating leases

At 31 August 2024 the total of the trust's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was:

		2024 £'000	2023 £'000
	Amounts due within one year	50	48
	Amounts due in two and five years	84	57
		134	105
		==	
25	Capital commitments		
		2024	2023
		£'000	£'000
	Expenditure contracted for but not provided in the accounts	2,971	3,980

26 Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the trust and the composition of the board of trustees being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, transactions may take place with organisations in which the trustees have an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook, including notifying the ESFA of all transactions made on or after 1st April 2019 and obtaining their approval where required, and with the trust's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

Income related party transactions

During the year there were the following related party transactions:

During the year Prof J Crewdson, who is a trustee, has made monthly donations of £nil (2023: £120).

A donation of £10,000 (2023: £10,000) was received from Lancaster, Ripley Church of England Educational Trust which was a contribution towards the Chaplain's salary costs at Ripley. This was spent in full during the year.

A donation of £Nil (2023: £20,000) was received from The Friends of Ripley St Thomas School, an associated charity of Ripley St Thomas Church of England Academy.

Donations of £208,411 & £271,692 (2023: £61,226) from the Believe Education Trust (to Ripley St Thomas CE Academy) which have not been received as at 31st August 2024.

27 Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he or she is a member, or within one year after he or she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10 for the debts and liabilities contracted before he or she ceases to be a member.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

28 Agency arrangements

The trust distributes 16-19 bursary funds to students as an agent for ESFA. In the accounting year ended 31st August 2024 the trust received £46,000 (2023: £48,000) and disbursed £40,000 (2023: £50,000) from the fund. An amount of £nil (2023: £nil) is included in other creditors relating to undistributed funds that is repayable to the ESFA. The closing fund position is £12,000 (2023: £6,000).

Similarly, the Trust distributes School Centred Initial Teacher Training (SCITT) Bursary funding to student teachers as an agent for the Department for Education. In the accounting year ending 31 August 2024, the trust received £610,000 (2023: £272,000) and disbursed £610,000 (2023: £292,000) from the fund. The balance of £nil (2023: £7,000) is included in other creditors in relation to undistributed funds. The closing fund position is £nil (2023: £nil).

29 Teaching schools trading account

	2024 £'000	2024 £'000	2023 £'000	2023 £'000
Total expenditure		-		-
Transfers between funds excluding depreciation		-		(42)
Deficit from all sources		-		(42)
Teaching schools balances at 1 September 2023		-		42
Teaching schools balances at 31 August 2024		-		-

30 Conversion to an academy

On 1st October 2023 the Longridge High School converted to academy trust status under the Academies Act 2010 and all the operations and assets and liabilities were transferred to The Bay Learning Trust from the Lancashire Local Authority for £nil consideration.

The transfer has been accounted for as a combination that is in substance a gift. The assets and liabilities transferred were valued at their fair values and recognised in the balance sheet under the appropriate headings with a corresponding net amount recognised as a net gain in the statement of financial activities as charitable activities – transfer from local authority on conversion.

On 1st February 2024 Barnacre Road Primary School converted to academy trust status under the Academies Act 2010 and all the operations and assets and liabilities were transferred to The Bay Learning Trust from the Lancashire Local Authority for £nil consideration.

The transfer has been accounted for as a combination that is in substance a gift. The assets and liabilities transferred were valued at their fair values and recognised in the balance sheet under the appropriate headings with a corresponding net amount recognised as a net gain in the statement of financial activities as charitable activities – transfer from local authority on conversion.

The following table sets out the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities transferred and an analysis of their recognition in the statement of financial activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

30	Conversion to an academy				(Continued)
	Academy	Location	D	ate of conversion	
	Barnacre Road Primary School	Preston	1	February 2024	
	Longridge High School	Preston		October 2023	
		Unrestricted	R	estricted funds:	Total
		funds	General	Fixed asset	2024
	Net assets transferred:	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Leasehold land and buildings	-	-	10,797	10,797
	Cash	343	-	-	343
	Pension scheme surplus		1,226		1,226
		343 ———	1,226 ——	10,797 ———	12,366
		Unrestricted	R	estricted funds:	Total
		funds	General	Fixed asset	2024
	Funds surplus/(deficit) transferred:	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Fixed assets funds	-	-	10,797	10,797
	School private fund	343	-	-	343
	LGPS pension funds		1,226		1,226
		343 =====	1,226 ———	10,797	12,366 =====
31	Prior period adjustment			1 September	31 August
				2022	2023
	Reconciliation of funds		Notes	£'000	£'000
	Funds as previously reported			54,174	54,088
	Adjustments arising:				
	Revaluation adjustment			-	25,001
	Funda as vastatad			FA 17A	70.000
	Funds as restated			54,174 ———	79,089 ———
	Funds as restated				
	Funds as restated Reconciliation of net income for the previo	us financial period			
					2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2024

31 Prior period adjustment

(Continued)

Notes to restatement

A prior year adjustment has been made in order to revalue all schools' land and buildings as at 31st August 2023, the valuation included in the prior year adjustment related to Ripley St Thomas Academy.